BUDHA DAL PUBLIC SCHOOL, PATIALA FINAL EXAMINATION

Class - V

Subject - English (Set - B)

Date: 14-3-24

Time – 2.30 hrs.

M.M. - 80

Section-A (Reading Section)

14 marks

1. Read the passage carefully:

Archimedes was a Greek scientist in the king's court. He lived in Syracuse nearly 2000 years ago. The king of the land wanted to wear a golden crown. He gave some gold to a goldsmith to make a suitable crown.

After a few days, the goldsmith brought the finished crown to the king. The crown was weighed. The weight of the crown was equal to the gold given to the goldsmith by the king. The king looked at the colour of the crown. He had a suspicion. The goldsmith could have stolen some from the gold handed over to him and mixed other metals to make the crown. The king wanted to find out the truth. The king said to Archimedes, 'Find out how much gold has been stolen.'

But how was Archimedes to do that? Archimedes thought about the problem day and night! One day, Archimedes was about to take his bath. He was busy thinking about the problem and did not notice that the bathtub was already full to the brim. As he slid into the bathtub, a large quantity of water flowed over the brim of the bathtub. He noticed this and suddenly realised that he had the answer to his problem. He jumped out of the bathtub, shouting 'Eureka! Eureka' in Greek means 'I have found it'.

Answer the following questions:

b) What did the king ask the goldsmith to make? (1) c) The king wanted to find out the		a)	What happened when Archimedes slid into the bathtub?	(2)
d) Which word from the passage means 'having a doubt about something or someone'. e) Find the opposite of the word 'lost' from the above passage. f) The past form of bring is Read the poem and answer the questions: 7		b)	What did the king ask the goldsmith to make?	(1)
or someone'. e) Find the opposite of the word 'lost' from the above passage. (1) f) The past form of bring is Read the poem and answer the questions:		c)	The king wanted to find out the	(1)
f) The past form of bring is (1) 2. Read the poem and answer the questions:		,	or someone',	
2. Read the poem and answer the questions:		f)	The past form of bring is	
"A little fairy comes at night, Her eyes are blue her hair is brown.	2.	Rea	ad the poem and answer the questions:	7
		"A !	little fairy comes at night, Her eyes are blue her hair is brown.	

With silver spots upon her wings, and from the moon she flutters down.

		the good child goes to bed.			
		She has a little silver wand and when, the good child goes to bed.	head.		
	She has a little silver wand and she has a circle round his She waves her wand from right to left, and makes a circle round his				
	And then he dreams of pleasant things, of fountains filled with fairy				
		And trees that bear delicious fruit, and bow their branches at a wish	. (2)		
ā	a)	Describe the fairy's eyes and hair.	(2)		
ŀ	o)	What does the child dream of?	(2)		
	c)	Find similar word for 'tasty' from the poem.	(1)		
,	d)	The fairy has a little	(1)		
,	e)	The opposite of the word 'big' is	(1)		
		Section – B (Literature)	23 marks		
3.	•	Write the meanings:	3×1=3		
	a)	tattered (b) suitable (c) excelling			
4.	•	Make Sentences:	2×1=2		
	a)	carefully (b) famous			
5.		Answer the following questions:	13		
	a)	When Rip entered his village, who gathered around him?	(1)		
		a) his family (b) his friends (c) children of the village			
	b)	What did Alexander Graham Bell invent?	(1)		
	c)	What is the other name of the Nilgiri mountains?	(1)		
	d)	What did Mandeep see from the train as he journeyed to Shimla?	(3)		
	e)	Why was Thomas Edison's office door heavy and difficult to open?	(3)		
	f)	Name any three important inventions. Why do you think some			
		scientific inventions have disadvantages?	(4)		
6.		Reference to context	4		
		"Here is a child who clambers and scrambles,			
		All by himself and gathering brambles;			
		Here is a tramp who stands and gazes;			
		And here is the green for stringing the daisies."			
a)		Name the poem and the poet.	(2)		

	What does the tramp do	7		(1)	
	What is the child gather	ing?		(1)	
1	Choose the correct spelli	ngs :		2×½=1	
1	a) magnifisent	magnifiscent	magnificent		
	b) dynamite	dinamyte	denamite		
		Section – C (Grammar)		23 marks	
8.	Join the following sente (but, or , and , so, becau	nces using suitable conju	nctions from the h		
a)	He is tired. He has been				
(b)	I was unwell. I did not g	o to school.			
c)	I bought sweets. I did no	ot buy cookies.			
d)	You must drive fast. You	will get late.			
e)	The weather is warm. The	ne weather is sunny .			
9. a)	Choose the correct words given in the brackets and fill in the blanks: 4×½=2 have verytime to do my homework. (few, little)				
b)	He has been in the army	2012. (for ,	, since)		
c)	She lived in New Zealand	dthree years	. (since, for)		
d)	I sprinkledr	outs on the cake. (a little,	a few)		
10.	Fill in the blanks with suit	able prepositions:		6×½=3	
a)	He came to the party	8 p.m.			
b)	The children walked	the small tunnel in	the park.		
c)	I invited my friends	my dinner party.			
d)	The sun disappeared	the mountain.			
e)	The boys dived	the pool.			
f)	l borrowed some books _	the library.			
11. C	hange these sentences in	to indirect speech.		5×1=5	
a) Sl	ne said, "The food is tasty	,			
o) M	other said, "The children	are waiting for the bus."	"		
:) Sh	ne said, "Ritu loves anima	s."			
) He	said, "Ria is going for a p	picnic today."			

e	2)	The teacher said, "The Earth revolves around the sun.	0~1/=/l	
	2.	n	8×½=4	
a	1)	The students make the project.(Simple Past Tense)		
b)	He knew the answer. (Simple Present Tense)		
c)	He leaves for office in a hurry. (Simple Past Tense)		
d)	My parents came back at 9 p.m. (Simple Present Tense)		
e)	The past form of think is		
	f)	The past form of speak is		
8	g)	The past participle form of pay is		
F	۱)	The past participle form of drive is		
13	3.	Fill in the blanks with present continuous or past continuous tense for	orm of the	
		verbs given in the brackets:	4×1=4	
a)	The children kites yesterday. (fly)		
b)	My sister a pink dress today. (wear)		
c)		The traveller for the bus. (wait)		
d)		I a novel these days. (write)		
		Section – D (Writing)	20 marks	
14.	١	You are staying in a hostel. Write a letter to your father asking him to	send money	
	f	or your science exhibition.	(10)	
15.	٧	Write a paragraph on the topic 'Winter Season' with the help of given	clues. (10)	
	winter-important season- starts - December -ends -March - coldest month -			
	J	January -days short- nights long -people enjoy hot drinks and food - variety of fruits		
	vegetables-people sit near fireplaces- use heaters to keep warm- hilly areas-			
	snowfall -festivals like Christmas- Lohri -Basant Panchami -winter break in scho			
		hildren enjoy- winter-wonderful season- filled with lots of fun		